

# The young side of LYMPHOMA

gli under 40 a confronto

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Terapia di prima linea nel linfoma di Hodgkin classico, localizzato sfavorevole

Andrea Guerini, Università degli Studi di Brescia Benedetta Sordi, Ematologia, AOU Careggi Università degli studi di Firenze

#### **Disclosures of Name Surname**

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### Clinical case

- Male, 38 years old.
- March 2022: left inguinale node biopsy with diagnosis of classical Hodgkin lymphoma, mixed cellularity
- PET/CT: Stage II A, early unfavorable (3 infradiaphragmatic nodal areas, VES).

- Therapeutic program 4 ABVD + RT 30Gy
- PET2 (June 2022): DS4 (positive left obturator LN, decreased in size)
   discussed in the Tumour Board Meeting (TBM). Symptoms absent.

# What would you chose?

- a) Continue ABVD until PET4: if negative consolidate with RT
  - b) Escalate to BEACOPPesc
  - c) Continue ABVD and early check after 3° cycle
    - d) Switch to BEGEV

# **BEACOPPesc** was started for 2 cycles

(dose reduction during C2 due to febrile neutropenia)

PET4 (August 2022): DS4 in the left obturator area.

Discussed in TBM, possibile uretheral localization.

What would you do?

- a) Rescan with PET/CT in a month
- b) Proceed to RT, with extra RT boost of 36 Gy
- c) Proceed to RT, with standard dose of 30 Gy
  - d) Start II line with BEGEV + ASCT

## 30 Gy RT was perfomed

(September-October 2022)

EOT PET/TC (January 2023): DS5 lesions in left supraclavicular LN and in the Glisson's capsule (VII epatic lobe). Suspected sternal and retro renal localization. No CT alterations.

How would you proceed?

- a) PET/TC in 1 month
- b) Avoid biopsy and directly start BEGEV
- c) Needle biopsy in the most accessible site

# CT scan was performed after 1 month

14x11mm left supraclavicular LN and 13x19mm area in the Glisson's capsule (VII epatic lobe); retro renal nodule; suspected sternum localization.

Left supraclavicular LN biopsy confirmed relapsed classic HL.

Stage IV A (bone, liver).



4 BEGEV + ASCT